## osome



# Taxes your company has and doesn't have to pay

Tax rates, exemptions, and incentives in Singapore



# The taxes your company has to pay

**Corporate tax rates in Singapore** 

## The territorial basis for corporate tax

## **Tax Residency**

To benefit from Singapore tax system, your company has to be a tax resident. That means control and management has to be exercised in Singapore, for example, the board of directors' meetings and making strategic decisions.

## **Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreements (DTAs)**

Singapore has DTAs with nearly a hundred countries in the world, so you avoid being taxed twice on certain types of cross-border income.

## **Key Tax Rates**

Corporate tax - 17%

and lower for SME eligible for SUTE or PTE exemptions

Tax on dividends — Nil

As Singapore has a one-tier tax system

Tax on capital gains — Nil

**GST** — **0**%

If your turnover is below S\$1M

**GST** — **7**%

If your turnover is above S\$1M or expected to grow to that level

## **Employees' related taxes**

In Singapore, the employees file their own taxes. As an employer, you have to prepare a Form IR8A at the end of every calendar year showing employees' income and benefits so they can file annual personal taxes.

- For **Singapore citizens and PR holders** you employ, you have to contribute to their Central Provident Fund **(CPF)**.
- For **foreigners** you employ, you need to prepare **Form IR21** and monies to be withheld upon their notice of resignation or end of employment.

## The taxes your company doesn't have to pay

**Exemptions and incentives** 

## **SUTE and PTE schemes for small and medium companies**

## Is your company eligible for SUTE and PTE schemes?

- At least one of the shareholders is a person and holds more than 10%
- You have fewer than 20 shareholders.
- · You are not an investment holding or a property development company.
- · Your company is a tax resident in Singapore for the current year of assessment
- · Your company is incorporated in Singapore

## **Your company is new: Start Up Tax Exemption (SUTE)**

SUTE is a tax relief for newly incorporated companies that allows you to qualify for the first 3 years of operation for the following effective tax rates:

- 4.25% on the first S\$100,000 of normal chargeable income
- 8.5% on the next S\$100,000

## Your company is more than 3 years old: Partial Tax Exemptions (PTE)

PTE is a tax relief is available after the first 3 years of operation. Here are the effective tax rates:

- 4.25% on the first S\$10,000 of normal chargeable income
- 8.5% on the next S\$190,000

## **Other Tax Incentives**

## **Foreign Tax Credit (FTC)**

If you have already paid tax elsewhere on the foreign-sourced income that is also subject to tax in Singapore, you can claim a credit for it here. The credit amount is capped at the lower of actual foreign tax paid and Singapore tax payable.

### **Double Tax Deduction for Internationalization (DTDi)**

You can claim double tax deduction on up to S\$150,000 of eligible expenses incurred till 31 March 2020 for supported market expansion and investment development activities like business trips, market surveys, or participating in fairs abroad.

## **Pioneer Certificate Incentive (PC)**

A tax exemption on the incentivized pioneer activity for up to 15 years if a company is approved as a 'pioneer' in its field. Works for businesses related to R&D, IT, or an underdeveloped industry.

## **Development and Expansion Incentive (DEI)**

This incentive offers a concessionary tax rate of 5% or 10% on incremental qualifying income to companies conducting high-value or expanded activities that contribute to the overall economic benefit for Singapore.